Translation of Children's Literature: A Study of The Lorax

INTRODUCTION

• The present study examines how linguistic and didactic features in the children's book The Lorax are transferred from English into Turkish. The book was originally written in English by Dr. Seuss and published in 1971.

• The Turkish translation by Seda Çıngay Mellor, entitled Loraks, has been recently published in 2019.

• Our study aims to comparatively analyse the translation of repeating rhymes, alliteration, and the frequent use of made-up words in order to reveal the translator's strategies.

LITERATURE REVIEW

• Chen states that "[...] translation of children's literature includes; using understandable words [...] translating the meanings instead of the words, keeping the exotic flavor, using vivid descriptions [...]" (2003, p. 128).

• "The power of a children's story lies in the rhythm it contains and the manner in which it insinuates itself into a child's brain" (Frankeberger, 2017).

• "The alliteration, the linguistic subversiveness, the stretching of the dictionary like bubble gum, these are Seussian traits that give the children an early taste for language [...]" (Varadarajan, 2006).









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• Chen, H. (2003). Translation of Children's Picture Books and Stories: Discussion and Application, 128-129. Retrieved from https://www.academia.edu/2395499/Translation_of_Childrens_Picture_Books_and_Stories_Discussion_and_Application • Frankeberger, B. (2019). The Fascinating Science Behind The Language Of Dr. Seuss. Retrieved 14 November 2019, from https://www.fatherly.com/health-science/the-science-behind-dr-seuss/

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CASE STUDY: COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

ENGLISH	TURKISH
Grickle-grass	Çimbirik çimenler
old Once-ler	İhtiyar Bir-Zamanlar
isper-ma-phone	FisirFisirTelefon
ff-muffered moo	pufurdak pufur pofpoflar
womee-Swans	Kuğurdayan Kuğular
wn Bar-ba-loots	Boz Barbulutlar

ENGLISH	TURKISH
-ler still lives here. ws.	İhtiyar Bir-Zamanlar da orada yaşıyor <u>uzun süreden beri.</u> Ona sor o cevabı bilir <u>besbelli.</u>
ing them off. Oh, their	O yüzden onları buradan gönderiyorum. Ah, gelecekleri karanlık, <u>adım gibi</u> <u>biliyorum.</u>
ENGLISH	TURKISH
e-ler <u>still</u> lives here.	İhtiyar Bir-Zamanlar da orada yaşıyor uzun süreden beri.

... And, for your information, you Lorax, ... Ayrıca Loraks, bak sana söyleyeyim, BÜYÜYECEĞİM, BÜYÜYECEĞİM...

REFERENCES

• Varadarajan, T. (2006). Uncle Sam-I-Am. [online] WSJ. Available at: https://www.wsj.com/articles/SB113718441724146273

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CONCLUSION

• Upon analysing the strategies used by the translator, it is seen that she created new words in the TL to equate the neologisms in the ST without changing the message.

• The messages intended by the author are maintained in the TT just as the rhymes are preserved as much as it can be.

• The comparison between the TT with the ST shows that the ST is successfully transferred into the TT using neologism, addition and deletion.

• We find the translator successful in her translation.



For the ST, see the QR code: